

Come and have a "Wee Mac-
Gregor" or a
"Togo Sundae."
Campbell's Fountain
Car. Fort & Douglas
Look for the sign of
the Camel.



The Daily Colonist

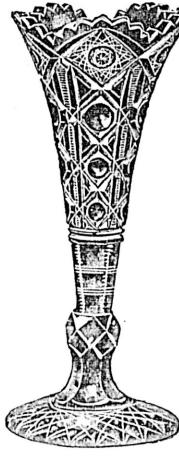
VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1905.

HALL & WALKER
AGENTS
WELLINGTON COLLIERY CO'S
COAL
100 Government St. Phone 88

VOL. XCIII. NO. 148

FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

Tempting Prices OF CUT GLASS WARE



The beauty in our Cut Glass for the price we ask is a surprise to many. Giving you the benefits we secure by buying in large quantities for cash explains it.

Beautiful Bon Bon Dishes \$2.75, \$3.25, etc.
Bowls \$7.50, \$8.50, etc.
Vases \$3.75, \$5.00, etc.

Challoner & Mitchell

Genuine French Claret

PONET CANET

Per Bottle \$.35
Or 3 Bottles for 1.00

We have just received a large importation of this fine wine, direct from Bordeaux.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.,
PROGRESSIVE GROCERS

WALLPAPER SALE

Some 25c. Papers for 10c.
Some 10c. Papers for 3c.
And many at half price.

We must CLEAR OUT our present large stock before moving into the new premises now building on Broad street, connecting with Fort Street store next to Five Sisters' Block.

The Melrose Co., Ltd.
78 FORT STREET
Soon to Move to 38 and 40 Fort St.



USE
WHITE
SWAN
SOAP
YOU'LL LIKE IT

Every 25¢ purchase gives you
a chance for a GRAMOPHONE

SIGNS AND BANNERS
For Picnics, Socials, Excursions
or any other purpose.

MELLOR BROS., LIMITED
PHONE 812.

CEMENT

VANCOUVER ISLAND, Sacks
WHITE'S PORTLAND, Barrels

Write or Call for Quotations

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD

WATSON'S AN INSPIRING
SPIRIT.
DUNDEE WHISKY.
The Hudson's Bay Co., Sole Agents for B.C.

CHICK FOOD

The proper food for chicks at this time of the year. Sold in any quantity.

TRY SOME.

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED.

A Canadian Standing Army

Sir Frederick Borden Finds Diffi-
culty in Securing New
Garrison.

Minister Explains Increase in
Permanent Forces of the
Dominion.

Five Thousand the Total of
All Arms to Be Pro-
vided for.

From Our Own Correspondent

OTTAWA, June 6.—To use a rather homely expression, the Minister of Militia has discovered that he has bitten off more than he can masticate. During this session he has been repeatedly told that it was a mistake to withdraw the British troops from Halifax and Esquimalt; and that it would be difficult to find good men to take the place of the British regulars, and that the better policy would be to let them be to allow things to continue as they have done for some years, but Canada to pay the bills. Sir Frederick would not listen to this advice. By his scheme he saw the great possibilities for political patronage, and accordingly it was announced that on the First of July two fortresses would be taken over, and Canadian troops would take possession that day. Recruiting has not come up to the expectations of the minister, with the result that a communication has now been sent to the imperial authorities requesting them to discontinue the recall of the Engineers and Royal Artillery at Esquimalt for another year, Canada consenting to pay the bills.

Explaining the Scheme.

Sir Frederick Borden explained the scheme of the increased permanent forces in the House today. The total is 4,800. The distribution of the forces will be as follows:

Calgary—Three squadrons Royal Canadian Dragoons and six squadrons Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles; 150 to the squadron. Total, 1,350.

Artillery—Royal Canadian Horse Artillery three batteries of 132 each, total 400; and Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery five companies of 220 each. Total, 1,000.

Engineers—Royal Canadian Engineers three companies of 100 each. Total, 300.

Infantry—Royal Canadian Regiment, ten companies of 120 each. Total, 1,200.

Canadian Army Medical Corps, Canadian Army Service Corps and Canadian Ordnance Stores Corps, divided among different depots, 150 each.

Distribution of Forces.

The detailed distribution of these forces would be as follows: One squadron of Dragoons at Toronto; one at St. John's, Que.; one at Fredericton; later two replacing the infantry, which would be moved to Montreal.

Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles—One squadron at Winnipeg, three in Alberta and two in Saskatchewan at places not yet settled; squadrons to number 125 men.

Royal Canadian Horse Artillery—Two batteries at Kingston, Ont., and half batteries at Winnipeg and Calgary.

Royal Canadian Garrison Artillery—Two companies at Halifax, one company at Esquimalt and two companies at Quebec city.

Royal Canadian Engineers—One company at Halifax, one at Esquimalt and one distributed among the different depots.

Infantry, Royal Canadian Regiment—Four companies at Halifax, one at Montreal, one at Quebec city, one at London, one at Toronto, one at Fort William, one at Esquimalt and detachment in Manitoba and Alberta drawn from Fort William and Esquimalt.

The Auxiliary Corps.

Army Service Medical and Ordnance Stores Corps are to be distributed among the different depots.

Sir Frederick Borden explained that the difficulty was the result of a conference between the militia members of the militia council and men based primarily upon the instructional requirements of the various provinces, as the forces would be finally distributed throughout the Dominion, and also upon garrison requirements.

Sir Frederick Borden further announced that those corps which had qualified officers for the skeleton establishments would receive special consideration, but that generally the scheme would be dropped.

V. V. and E. Postponed.

Consideration of the V. V. and E. bill again was postponed by the railway committee today.

The Senate resumed today after a three weeks' vacation. Sir Mackenzie Bowell severely criticized the necessity for a supply bill including supplemental estimates for the current year of \$6,364,522. It did not show much care in the preparation of the estimates.

The Governor-General will assent to the supply bill in the House tomorrow.

Against Alien Labor Laws.

Should the United States authorities adhere to their desire for a resumption of the joint high commission with Canada, and should the tribunal resume consideration of unsettled matters in dispute between the two countries, there is good ground for saying that the Canadian ministers will do all in their power to reach an understanding whereby the alien labor laws now enforced against one another will be withdrawn. Sir Wilfrid Laurier never made any secret of his opinion that these restrictions against intercourse between the countries is vexatious and unstatesmanlike. The Canadian view was only this, because the United States had shut the door against Canadian labor. If our neighbors are prepared to exempt Canadians from this onerous legislation, the Dominion would no doubt gladly respond.

EQUITABLE DIRECTORS RESIGN.

New York, June 6.—Three more directors resigned today from the board of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and at least one more will retire tomorrow, making in all ten resignations since the present trouble of the society began.

The resignation of A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railway Co., was followed this afternoon by the announcement of the resignation of John A. Stewart, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Trust Co., and John Sloane, prominent in banking and trust company circles. The resignation of D. O. Mills will be handed to President Alexander tomorrow. Mr. Mills was at first inclined to postpone action until to attend the meeting tomorrow, but declined not to attend the meeting. The other directors who have resigned from the Equitable board are: H. C. Frick, E. H. Harriman, T. Jefferson Coolidge, M. E. Ingalls, Jacob T. Schiff and Cerelius N. Bliss.

SPEAKER GULLY RETIRES.
III Health Compels Retirement of
Talented Parliamentarian.

London, June 6.—At this afternoon's session of the House of Commons, William Gully officially announced his resignation on the ground of ill health, due to the speakership, which he had held for a decade. Premier Laurier and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman made brief speeches of regret, after which the premier announced that tomorrow he would introduce a resolution praying the King to elevate Mr. Gully to the peerage, as is customary in the case of retiring Speakers of the House of Commons.

MEETING WAS CLANDESTINE.

Zemstvo Delegates Disregard the Im-
perial Injunction.

MOSCOW, June 6.—In spite of the official prohibition, the all-Russian Zemstvo congress assembled here today, but the delegates met in private houses. About 280 delegates from various zemstvos and municipalities, including the mayors of 25 of the larger cities, arrived in Moscow yesterday to attend the congress. It is proposed to introduce resolutions calling for the immediate cessation of hostilities. The order prohibiting the meeting arrived at Moscow only late last night, and aroused the greatest indignation and resentment.

WATERWAYS' COMMISSION.

Arrangements Progressing for Interna-
tional Meeting.

Washington, June 6.—Gen. Ernst, the chairman of the American side of the international waterways commission, today received notice that the Canadian contingent had accepted the American view of the limitations on the works of the commission. This action excludes the St. John river from consideration by the commission. The meeting will take place at Ottawa at a date in the near future, and headquarters also will be established at Toronto for the Canadian commissioners and at Buffalo for the American commissioners.

A Tempest in A Little Teapot

A Fierce Warfare Is Waged by
Doughty Journalists at
Nelson.

JOHN HOUSTON MAKES BLOOD-
CURDLING CHARGES AGAINST
F. J. Deane.

Nelson, June 6.—Something of a sensation was created in town this evening by the appearance under display headlines of a charge in Mayor Houston's paper, the Tribune, that F. J. Deane, editor of the Daily News, advocated the assassination of Mayor Houston.

There has been trouble in the council and the mayor has publicly declared that he will not abide by the decisions of the majority of the council. In the course of an editorial on the situation this morning, the Daily News said: "The mayor will either have to conduct himself in a lawful manner or cease to be a factor in the administration of municipal affairs."

The Tribune declares this statement to be a deliberate incitement to the assassination of the mayor.

The Tribune says in its news columns: "Does the Daily News mean that John Houston is to be assassinated if he dares to maintain his rights as mayor? The threat of the Daily News can have no other meaning."

EATONSWILLIAN JOURNALISM.

Editorially the Tribune says: "The Nelson Daily News, a newspaper edited by Francis J. Deane, if printed words mean anything, stands for the assassination of John Houston, who has been a resident of Nelson continuously since April, 1890, and who is now serving his fourth term as mayor."

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THE GREEN-GAYNOR CASE.

Washington Authorities Receive News
of Recent Decision.

Washington, June 6.—The Associated Press despatch from Montreal, stating that Judge Lafontaine had rendered his decision, committing Greene and Gaynor to the penitentiary for life.

When questioned as to what further rights of appeal Greene and Gaynor had, it was stated at the department of justice that the prisoners would have fifteen days, from the date of Judge Lafontaine's decision, in which to apply for a writ of habeas corpus. This proceeding, if taken, would cause a further delay.

Judge Lafontaine had the power to discharge the prisoners or re-commit them for trial, in which case they will be surrendered within two months from the date of such re-commitment.

There is said to be one case in the province of Quebec in which it was decided by the court of appeals that if the habeas corpus judge should re-commit them for trial, the prisoners are still entitled to make application in the nature of an appeal to the Full court.

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23 DAYS LEFT

In which to receive a refund of 50 per cent. on the cost of wiring rented houses for electric light. Over 100 have already taken advantage of our offer.

B. C. Electric Ry. Co., Ltd., 35 Yates St.

Melrose Nursery Rhyme.

No. 9.

OLD MOTHER HUBBARD.

Old Mother Hubbard
Went to the cupboard
To get her poor dog a tart;
But when she got there
The cupboard seemed bars,
Which broke poor doggy's heart.

Old Mother Hubbard
Painted her cupboard
With Melrose Snow white Enamel;
Which made it so bright
She cried with delight,
"I see tarts enough for a 'camel."

Old Mother Hubbard
Is pleased with her cupboard;
The food is free from all taint;
Be it beef, boiled or rare,
Or oysters, or hare;
For she used our Enameling Paint.

All of which goes to prove that cupboards and pantries can be made bright, clean and healthy by the use of Melrose Enamel Paint.

The Melrose Co., Ltd.

78 Fort Street. 40 Fort Street.

Re-construction
of National EdificeMunicipal Council of Moscow
Pass Very Significant
Resolutions.Zemstvo Delegates Hold Two
Meetings In Spite of
Interdiction.

Moscow, June 6.—The all-Russian zemstvo congress, the delegates to which included the mayors of nearly fifty of the larger cities, met today notwithstanding government prohibition, and resolved with practical unanimity to demand the convocation of a zemsky sobor, and the submission to it of the question of peace or war. The morning and afternoon sessions of the congress were held without interference on the part of the authorities, though the afternoon session, which assembled in an open hall, had to be adjourned to a private house because of the crowd of auditors present, the president of the council stating that he was assured the police would not interfere unless the meeting be held behind doors. Practically all the delegates are in favor of peace, the minority wishing a zemsky sobor called "for the purpose of acting on this question."

The sessions of the congress will be continued tonight.

Most Disastrous War.

Seventy-two members of the Moscow municipal council have signed the following declaration: "Our hearts are aching. Neither reason, equity or sense of responsibility to the national conscience can admit that this is the most disastrous and bloody war of history, the causes of which are incomprehensible to the country without the consent of the Russian people."

Applies to Patriotism.

Premier Rouvier appeared to have some ground for this view when he appealed to the deputies not to press their interpellations regarding Morocco, saying that pending conditions require the fullest exercise of patriotism.

Some of the evening papers give sensational prominence to the lack of preparedness of France's defences on the German boundary.

At the meeting of the zemstvo, the president of the council stated that he was assured the police would not interfere unless the meeting be held behind doors. Practically all the delegates are in favor of peace, the minority wishing a zemsky sobor called "for the purpose of acting on this question."

CHURCHES DRAW THE FIRE.

Thunderstorm at Chicago Causes Dam-

age Estimated at \$200,000.

Chicago, June 6.—During a thunderstorm here today three churches were struck by lightning and two of them completely destroyed. The storm was the worst of the season and besides the churches several other buildings were struck and damaged. The total loss occasioned by the lightning is estimated at \$200,000. The two churches destroyed were the United church in Oak park, and Sacramento Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Sacramento street. The North Endowood Congregational church, Fifty-ninth and Lasalle streets, was also struck, but the damage was slight.

At the time the storm passed over the city the churches were empty, and no loss of life occurred.

WIRELESS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Many Stations to be Erected in Western
Canada.

Nelson, B.C., June 6.—George H. Munro, of the well-known Munro & Munro, are here on behalf of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company. He is establishing a branch of his company here, and a regular station is to be erected at Nelson, Cranbrook, Castlegar, Enderby, Brandon, Winnipeg, Fort William, Rossland, Vancouver and Victoria, which will be operated in conjunction with similar stations all over Canada, the head station being Gloop Bay, N.S. The company is operating in the United States. A regular commercial service will be threatened.

HEALTHY AND VIGOROUS.

Mr. John Shelton, the well known bridge builder, of 101 Sherwood St., Ottawa, states: "I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for kidney and liver diseases brought on by excess and find them better than any pill or medicine I ever used. They cleansed my system and made me feel healthy and vigorous, and better in every way."

POMMERY

In France and Great Britain Where Champagne

Values are Fixed by Quality.

Pommery Stands First

AGENTS FOR CANADA

Togo's Gunnery
Won the Battle

Japanese Gun Fire Speedily Reduced the Russians to Wrecks.

Concentrated their Broadsides on Enemy's Flagships at Commencement.

Vladivostok, June 6.—From the accounts of participants in the battle of the Sea of Japan, as given here, can be constructed a picture of the first day of the fight in the morning of May 27.

When the Russian fleet found itself 120 miles south of Tsuji Island, it was for the straits in three columns, the battleships and five cruisers on the left, the light cruisers on the right, and the transports and torpedo boats between them. The weather was foggy, and the view, therefore, difficult.

At 8:30 in the morning the Japanese fleet was discovered by the cruiser Idzuma, which blundered onto them in the fog.

The Japanese cruisers disappeared, and the Russian fleet proceeded through the strait.

Japan Fleet Lays Up.

Suddenly, at 10:12 o'clock in the morning a silhouette of Japanese vessels, their greenish blue paint making them scarcely visible in the fog, loomed up to the westward of the Russian vessels. This Japanese fleet consisted of four cruisers and three battleships. They immediately opened a heavy fire, which was especially directed against the flagships of the various squadrons of the Russian fleet.

Admiral Rolestvensky signalled to the transports to place themselves on the right of the squadron of light cruisers, so as to increase their distance from the fighting portion of the fleet, which was now hotly engaged and suffering under the well-aimed fire of the Japanese.

Enemy's Fire Deadly.

Owing to the precision of the Japanese gunners and the concentration of their fire on the flagships, within an hour and a half the Kniaz Souvorov and the Ossabia were reduced to wrecks and soon sank.

The battle continued until 5 o'clock without any further noticeable change in the situation. Soon thereafter the battleship Alexander III, began to list badly and dropped out of line, but was quickly repaired, resuming her place and reopening fire. The Japanese, noticing the condition of the Alexander III, concentrated their fire upon her and she dropped out of the line, this time finally, and disappeared.

The heavy fire of the Japanese 12-inch guns were then directed on the Borodino, which was soon disabled and sunk.

Broke Up Russian Fleet.

The battleship Sissoi Veliky was now ablaze, but was firing every available gun. At this hour the onslaught of torpedo boats from the coast of Japan and the closing in on the battleships from the left broke up the Russian fleet, all of which, except four battleships and the converted cruiser Ural, had been broken together.

During the night the Japanese torpedo attacks continued, the result of which was not known until the report of the commander of the cruiser Izumrud, which sank near Vladivostok.

"It would not only be a great benefit to trade between New Westminster and Steveston," said Mayor Keary, while speaking today on the subject, "but it would undoubtedly prove an important agency in opening and settling the upper portion of Lulu Island, thus creating enough new trade to make it in the course of a few years a most profitable undertaking."

Another similar move is contemplated, and was also under discussion at the above conference between the mayor and the railway magnates. This is the extension of the electric system to the local branch of the C. P. R. between this city and the Junction, and the inauguration of an hourly or two hourly aservice thereon.

"Here too," said the mayor, "would be another opportunity to open up a portion of the Fraser valley, and no doubt facilitate settlement along this line."

HOME FROM AFRICA.

Former Victorian Back From Sojourn
Amongst the Boers.

Rich Strike on Alpha Claim—
Negotiating for Rich
Property.

An Interesting Bit of News
From Grand Forks and
Vicinity.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Grand Forks, June 5.—A prominent mining man arriving here this morning from Corning, N.Y., says that an exceedingly rich strike has just been made on the Alpha claim in that camp. It appears that the actual ore body now visible is 92 feet wide. This property is owned by H. McLaren of Carson and is located in the immediate vicinity of the famous McKinley mine.

James Burr, one of the pioneers of this place, received a telephone message yesterday calling him to Nelson to close a deal for the Queen Victoria property close to Nelson, which is a deal for \$200,000, the purchasers being American capitalists. Mr. Burr left immediately on receiving the message for Nelson.

Captain Rogers left here yesterday for Frank's camp with a complete outfit in order to open his new work his property in that camp all summer.

Thomas Taylor, M. P. P., for Revelstoke, arrived here Saturday evening and will remain several days. He expressed his desire to see the Queen Victoria property close to Nelson, which is a deal for \$200,000, the purchasers being American capitalists. Mr. Burr left immediately on receiving the message for Nelson.

Mr. Brown has leased for five years the fruit ranch owned by Max Kuntz, situated some short distance up the North Fork river.

The Grand Forks citizens are making a most determined effort to place Miss Mary Agar Aver at the head of the polls for the Spokesman-Review popularity contest in connection with the free trip to the St. Louis and the Clarendon exhibition. As the time the Clarendon the polls draw nearly 100,000 votes, the citizens, who are most prominent citizens, who say that neither time nor money will be spared to place Miss Agar Aver the winner in the contest.

James Lanesby, formerly manager of the grand hotel in Victoria, W. K. C. Manley's general store, has occupied a suite of rooms with Jeff Davis & Co. of this place.

L. A. Manly of the Grand Forks Liquor Company is expected home today from a two weeks' visit to Coleman, Alta.

The deadlock in the city council continues. Special meetings are being held at which resolutions are adopted by a majority of the council, and promptly voted down by the mayor. Legal proceedings are threatened.

PALE AND WEAK.

When you are in this condition, the system needs a rebuilding, a reconditioning, a reinforcement. We supply the powers you, your body's fuel. It gives energy, feeds the nerves, stimulates appetite, helps digestion, aids bowel action, and makes flesh and blood. One hundred thousand physicians have supplied the evidence of its worth.

FATALITY AT FIELD.

Young Man Loses His Life in Kicking
Horse River.

On Saturday last at Field a sad fatality occurred when a young man named Peter Ireland lost his life in the rapids of the Kicking Horse river. An old P. R. hotel, Ireland went to construct a raft to float down the river, but the water was so high that he had to leave his companion for the raft, he had been swimming.

The two got out into the current, and were rapidly carried downstream. Collier was about twenty yards in the rear when his raft struck the right bank. Clinging to his companion for the raft, he had to swim across the current, and was dashed to pieces in the mountain torrent. He had only been in Field seven weeks, coming here from St. Lawrence Hall, Montreal, and was about twenty-six years of age.

The dead body was found sailing on the Western Atlantic, being the only support of an aged mother residing in Liverpool, England.

THE LIGHT OF THE KITCHEN

TOM LAWSON A BIRD.

Wall Street is said to be unable to determine whether Tom Lawson is a bull or a bear. Wall Street is wasting valuable time. Tom is a bird.

A LARGE EGG.

Farmer's Advocate.

Mr. Ed. Brown of Boleswick writes

us that one of his hens recently laid an egg which measured 7½ and 8½ inches

in circumference and weighed 5½ ounces.

On blowing the contents out it was

found that the egg contained three yolks.

Mr. Brown also gives a striking instance

of early maturity in a pullet. The bird

had hatched on the 19th of June, com-

enced to lay on November 29, became

broody in March, and brought out her

clucks on the 8th of April. This is a

case where the inclination to work early

can be sustained, by using all of

this pullet's eggs for hatching, thus

building up a flock of winter layers.

OBITUARY.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Eliza

Martin, relict of James Martin of Toronto,

will take place this afternoon at 2:15

o'clock this afternoon, and at 2:30 at St. Paul's church.

MANAGER MORSE AGAIN.

Talks to Toronto Newspaper About

Pacific Coast End of G. T. P.

Mr. F. W. Morse, general manager of

the Grand Trunk Pacific Company

who is in the city, says the Toronto

News of May 27 expressed the opinion

that there was nothing unfair in the

proposition made to the government of

the Canadian Pacific with respect to

commencing construction work immediate-

ly in this province.

In speaking of the subject to a news re-

porter, he said: "We have no intention of

making any land grab, as the grant of

land we asked for would have simply

covered the extra cost entailed of con-

struction work at such a distance from the

base of supplies. We, of course, desired to

have the right of immigration, but some of

our new settlers could not have been charged

unfair prices for we were compelled to

sell at the government valuation. It

would have put a lot of ready money into

circulation in British Columbia."

"If you selected your western termi-

nus?"

"Well, that is hardly a fair question.

The announcement is no doubt being eager-

ly awaited, but I am not in a position to

A NEW DIFFICULTY
AHEAD OF CANNERSIndependent Operators Concerned
Over Contract by the
Association.

Salmon cannery owners who will this season operate independently of the Fraser River Cannery Association—there are six of them on the Fraser river and bay—are rather concerned over the terms of a contract which they state the association has prepared for signature by the fishermen who will work for its canneries, says the Vancouver Province.

A portion of the contract reads: "It is said that the effect that the signatory agrees not to sell fresh fish to any cannery other than the one from whom he takes his boat and net. In other words, the fishermen signing the agreement must turn their backs to the river which supplies him with boat and gear."

The independent cannery owners presume that the association has taken this step in order to protect its members against loss in case trouble should arise over the price of fish. It is also an endeavoring of the independent to get all the cannery owners among the number who will be notified concerning the fishermen who sign the contracts in order that no cannery shall buy fish from a man fishing for another operator.

"I suppose," said one of the independent cannery owners, "that we shall be notified and then held responsible should we buy fish from those who have signed the agreement. It may be that I shall not want to buy fish from one man whom I have not signed with a boat and gear but in case I should, I am going to see my lawyer today and find out just where we all stand."

"While every one will agree that the association has the right to do the best it can for its members, it seems to me that this contract will be rather hard on the independent. I think the best is to let the number of fish the cannery will receive.

For instance, a man goes out and in his drift gets 500 fish; he takes them to his cannery, and finds that there is a large run, and only 200 will be taken from him; his signers will take the other 200 fish and has 300 on his hands, which he cannot dispose of because of the contract he has signed. Of course if a large limit were agreed upon and fixed beforehand all might be well."

"In the first seven or eight years past there were a number of canneries in operation in the Fraser river district which will not be numbered in membership of the Fraser River Cannery Association. British Columbia Packers Association cannery owners, a number of individual operators compose the Fraser River Cannery Association.

The price to be paid for sardines on the Fraser river has not yet been determined. The fishermen ask 12½¢, and while the Fraser River Cannery Association has discussed the question, it has as yet not reached a conclusion.

Interviewed regarding the question, Mr. W. D. Burds, secretary of the Fraser River Cannery Association, stated that it was quite a form of contract had been prepared, but it was not signed. One of the clauses in this contract provided that the fishermen agreed not to sell their catch to any other cannery but the one which supplied them with boats and gear.

However, it is stipulated in the agreement that in case the cannery cannot take all the catch, a portion of it not accepted, according to the usual method of curing heavy runs, shall be the property of the fishermen, who shall dispose of it when and where he pleases. Mr. Burds states that while the cannery has been supplied to the amount of the limit which may prevail the fishermen are at perfect liberty to sell the remainder and take what they can get for it.

"It is only right that a cannery which supplies a fisherman with boat, net and other gear, and who feels him should receive all his fish," concluded Mr. Burds.

FULL COURT APPEALS.

Session in Vancouver—Dr. Telford's Case on the List.

The full court of British Columbia opened in Vancouver yesterday. No fewer than twenty-five appeals were down for hearing. The British Columbia Telephone Co. vs. Fernie has, so far as is known, been withdrawn. This was the well-known injunction order granted the telephone company from interfering with the company's operations in raising poles. The appeal from the injunction order is not likely to come up.

The second case on the first list is the big assessment dispute between the Le Ro Milling Co. and John Kirkup, government agent and assessor at Rossland. Mr. Kirkup assessed the property and income of the mining company at a certain figure, and the company appealed his assessment. The Full court will decide the matter and say who was right. The case may go to the Privy Council. The action, though Mr. Kirkup is nominal defendant, is really against the province of British Columbia, and the Attorney-General will conduct the argument when it comes up.

Things should be settled whether Dr. Telford or the Burrard sanitarian retains his certificate to practice medicine or not before the Full court rises. The appeal of the British Columbia Medical Society against the decision of the Hon. Mr. Justice Morrison will be argued out before the judges. The case, it will be remembered, arose over the Medical Society withdrawing Dr. Telford's license to act as a physician and surgeon in British Columbia for alleged unprofessional conduct some time ago. At first Dr. Telford and the decision of the council of the society was reversed. Now the appeal is from Judge Morrison's decision to the Full court.

Premier McBride is at New Westminster, where he will spend some time investigating the road requirements in his constituency before returning to the Capital.

Afflicted with Erysipelas
For Ten Years.Cured by Four Bottles of
Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. N. Peister, of Brighton, Ont., was cured two years ago and has had no return of it since.

Read what the saying is. It is now about two years since I was cured of a terrible attack of Erysipelas, with which I had been afflicted for about ten years. I had tried almost everything, including medicine from several doctors, but could get no relief. I had given up case up as hopeless, but I procured five bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters, and it completely cured me. In fact, the cure has been permanent. It is now two years since I took Burdock Blood Bitters, and I have not had the slightest sign of the disease returning. I fully believe that so completely out of my system that I shall never be bothered again with it. I have the greatest of faith in Burdock Blood Bitters."

Local News.

Conservatives To Meet.—The annual meeting of the Liberal-Conservative Association of Victoria will be held on Friday evening, June 16, when the election of officers will take place. Mr. Martin Burrell, of Grand Forks, who is one of the ablest political speakers in the province, will be present and deliver an address.

Back From Okanagan.—R. M. Palmer, provincial freight rates commissioner, has just returned from the Okanagan country, where in company with Maxwell Smith, Dominion fruit inspector, and other officials of the B. C. Fruit Growers' Association, he has been addressing a series of meetings. He reports that the prospects for the fruit crops in the interior are very good.

Interesting Rumor.—An interesting political rumor is afloat in Vancouver, as will be seen from the following paragraph which appeared in yes yesterday morning's News-Advertiser: "Ex-Commissioner Congdon and family are in the city. It is reported that Mr. Congdon has declined the appointment of Dominion counsel in the Yukon, which, according to the Ottawa despatches, had been offered him."

Equipping New Library.—Acting under instructions from the city council, Purchasing Agent Northcote is in a few days' call for tenders for the supplying of various articles of furniture and interior equipment for the Carnegie library building. The sum of \$2,500 is available this year for the purpose of maintaining the new library, and by the expenditure of this amount the building will be put in fairly good shape, although an additional and separate appropriation will be necessary to furnish the requisite number of volumes.

Electric Light Plant.—It is understood that a petition will shortly be circulated for signatures among the property owners, praying the council to submit forthwith the necessary bylaws to enable the corporation to raise a sum of money to increase the electric lighting power to an adequate capacity to meet the enlarged needs of the city. The council is constantly in receipt of requests for new lights in various portions of the city, and as the plant is at present taxed to its capacity, the requests have invariably been refused. The council has long seen the necessity for a larger plant; and the general feeling now is that the time has arrived when the improvement should be made. It is intended to arrange for the installation of the additional machinery so as to permit of the improved service being given in the early fall.

Colonial Fruit Display.—J. H. Turner, agent general for British Columbia in London, has forwarded to R. H. Swinerton, secretary of the B. C. Agricultural Association, the following self-explanatory letter: "I send with this a printed notice from the Royal Horticultural Society of the dates for holding shows of colonial fruit at their hall, Vincent square, London. The show on Dec. 5 and G. 1905, is the one suitable for British Columbia fruit, and hope to receive advice at an early date from the Agricultural Department, Victoria, that there will be a thoroughly good show from our province. I trust that you will use your influence to make the British Columbia exhibit here a great success. The notice Mr. Turner refers to announces that besides the show in December, others are to take place in March and May, and suggestions are asked for from the various colonial agricultural societies.

Receiver Gets Road.—A receiver has been appointed for the Portage Pacific Railroad Co. by Judge Hatch of the Supreme court at Port Angeles upon the application of M. F. Backus, of the Washington National Bank of Seattle. More than a year ago the Smith Mastick Construction Co. and the Elkins Lining Co., associate corporations with the Port Angeles Pacific Railroad Co., were placed in the hands of a receiver, and some time thereafter a prior effort to procure receivership for the railroad company made upon application of the Seattle Hardware Co. and other creditors, failed.

The success of the present application to have the receiver appointed in composing the Port Angeles Pacific Railroad enterprise in the hands of friendly receiverships, through the medium of which the creditors of the concern hope to arrive at a solution of their difficulties and put the enterprise once more on its feet.

Jack Morrison Improving.—In connection with the recent serious accident at Mount Siaker, as a result of which J. L. Morrison now lies between life and death at the Chemainus hospital, a correspondent at the mine writes the Colist as follows: "Mr. J. L. Morrison, who was so seriously injured, has now recovered from the effects of his accident, and remains with him whenever it is possible for any one to be admitted. Drs. Perry and Rogers are in charge of him, and with their skill, it is expected that Morrison will eventually recover, as his many friends in Mount Siaker, Rossland and at other points devoutly hope."

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Workers Are Wanted.—A letter from the chief engineer of the Alaska Central Railway Co., which is seeking workmen, has been referred to the Colonist by the secretary of the Alaska Club. It says: "In carrying on the construction of the work on the Alaska Central Railway, we have Seward, on Resurrection bay, and the next town, I find that we will need for this summer's work three or four hundred more laborers, one or two hundred additional station men, and fifty or twenty small contractors with pack and grading outfit." Wages \$27 per day for common labor, with board \$1 per day. The prices for grading are liberal, and we have arranged for a reduced rate of fare from Seattle to Seward.

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St. Barnabas' Day.—Sunday next is the festival of St. Barnabas, and is therefore, the dedication festival of St. Barnabas' church in this city. It is also Whitson Day, or Pentecost. There will be special services, as follows: Holy eucharist, 7 a. m.; second celebration, 8 a. m.; choral matins, 10:30 a. m.; choral eucharist with sermon at 11:15 a. m.; children's tower service, 2:30 p. m.; evensong with procession, 8 p. m. The rector will be assisted at the service by Rev. H. F. Lyne, Rev. W. W. Bolton and the local bishop of the diocese. The church will be decorated on Friday and Saturday this week. The flowers brought by the children at the flower service will be distributed among the sick and at the city hospitals. The open offertory will be given to the diocesan mission fund. The festival will be continued on Thursday, June 16, when the holy eucharist will be celebrated at 8 a. m.; full evensong, with special preacher, at 8 p. m. Tradition says the dower of St. Barnabas is the Marguerite.

Water Expert's Views.—Respecting the report of the expert on waterworks, Arthur L. Adams, which is in course of preparation for presentation to the public, he condensed it as follows: "It is

noted that it was a few years ago before Dr. Borden (now Sir Frederick) tried his 'prentice hand at running military matters.

As far as six or seven years ago the Fifth Regiment was organized on the lines on which all artillery companies are organized, namely, three companies of about 120 rank and file with one major in command and a captain and two lieutenants under him. This organization was changed by the Ottawa authorities a few years ago and a new system was organized on the lines of an infantry battalion—12 men and file with a captain and two lieutenants per company. The manifest absurdity of this arrangement was remarked by officers every time the local volunteers were mobilized, for among other things, it necessitated two separate companies being told off to man the single battery of field guns which forms part of the movable armament of Fort Macaulay.

As to the likelihood of any friction taking place owing to the re-organization of commanding officers, such a contingency cannot occur as the new establishment, like the old, will be one major, one captain and two lieutenants per company, the senior officers taking the higher rank of major. Major Hibben will be senior major, as he is now, Capt. McCannan, the capable and efficient adjutant, the next in seniority, will take a step up, and Capt. Currie, another capable officer, will no doubt take charge of the newly organized No. 1 company, which will be made up of the present Nos. 1 and 2. Capt. McCannan served with Major Hibben in the old, popular command of No. 3, then Nos. 5 and 6, and was one of the most successful company officers of the Fifth Regiment ever.

A notable change announced by Lieut.-Col. Hall is that each company will have ten sergeants, and if corporals and lance corporals are allowed, it will give each company a compliment of 10 N. C. O.'s or 90 for the battalion of three companies.

Thomas G. Earl, the horticulturist of Lytton, is registered at the Dominion.

John Morley was addressing a meeting of his constituents recently when a "shocker" asked him if he played golf. Mr. Morley, however, was equal to the occasion. "Golf," he exclaimed, "Oh, I don't think I'm old enough to begin that yet."

Camp Arrangements.—A meeting of the secretaries of the different Fifth Regiment company associations was held at the drill hall last evening. The subject for discussion was the annual camp. The regiment will parade at the drill hall on Sunday and march to Macaulay point, and will be in camp for twelve days. They will break camp Friday, the 23rd, and march in town about 9:30 a. m. It was decided to hold a field day on Saturday the 17th inst. at the camp, and a committee was appointed to arrange a programme and secure entries. The mobilization will be held on Monday the 26th, and the Mainland regiment is expected down to take part.

Van Andra Mines.—H. W. Treat, manager of the Van Andra mines, has returned to the coast from New York and has gone to inspect the mining properties in which he is interested. It will be remembered that the English company which bonded them threw up their bond last summer. The mines have been shut down since then, but have been set up again, and operations can be resumed at any time. It is not definitely known what Mr. Treat's plans are, but it is probable that he may either resume operations himself or lease the mines to another company.

Rock Bay Bridge.—Apropos of the announced determination of the city council to proceed at the earliest possible date with reconstruction of the Rock Bay bridge, it is to be mentioned that a thorough inquiry is to be made into the matter of the rights possessed by the Sayward Milling Co. to the forest on the southern end of the bay. The city will be well advised in investigating the matter and it is anticipated that his report will be available for presentation at next Monday evening's meeting of the council.

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MORE CHANGES

IN THE FIFTH

Local Artillery Volunteer Corps
Reverts to Old Order of
Things.

As outlined in recent despatch from the Colonist's Ottawa correspondent, the authorities have decided to go back to the old order of things so far as the Fifth Regiment is concerned, and yesterday Lieut.-Col. Hall received official notification of the change.

The new military council at Ottawa is simply undoing the work of the doughty knight who presides over the destinies of the military department. In other words, the Victoria corps is going to do what it was a few years ago before Dr. Borden (now Sir Frederick) tried his 'prentice hand at running military matters.

As far as six or seven years ago the Fifth Regiment

The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1905.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.
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A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

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VICTORIANS AT THE PORTLAND FAIR.

The Daily Colonist is on sale at Rich's News Stands in all Exhibit Buildings, and on the grounds; also at the "American Inn" News Stand.

THE ALIEN LAW.

Trouble is likely to arise between Canada and the United States over the enforcement of the alien law. The law in Canada was passed because a similar law was in existence in the United States and had at times been enforced in a way that was anything but agreeable to this country.

The feeling that arose as a consequence was sufficient to influence the Parliament at Ottawa, and, in common parlance, the United States was treated to little of its own medicine.

The recent action of Canada in deporting engineers that had been engaged by the Grand Trunk Pacific and officials of the Pere Marquette railway, when competent men for the positions were available in this country, has given rise to unfavorable comment on the other side.

The American employees in question were deported after a judicial enquiry had been made in each case, and so far as the law is concerned, or the procedure taken under it is concerned, the American Government or people have no reason to complain.

Nevertheless it is regrettable that international friction should occur over a matter that should never have been permitted to exist as an obstacle to friendly relations.

A great many Canadians find employment in the United States, perhaps many more than there are of Americans in Canada, and as a rule they are appreciated.

This fact is shown by the responsible positions held by them. We are not in a position to say how many of them have changed their allegiance.

Most of them, we imagine, find it in their interests to become naturalized, and, if a man intends to make a certain country his home and enjoy the privileges of its government, we do not know that it is not the proper thing for him to do.

If the rule were followed on this side and Americans became British subjects, the account would be even, and there would be no deportation, but it is not.

There is a difference in the way the conditions are affected. Canadians do not to any material extent operate in the United States as contractors, as investors, as mine owners or railway managers. Hence they do not have an opportunity in employing labor to discriminate against Americans in favor of Canadians. There are, however, a great many American capitalists with investments in Canada and as in the case of the Grand Trunk railway and the Pere Marquette railway, they are in control. They show a preference on very occasion for American officials and American employees, even though Canadians or Britishers are available, and it cannot be said that the latter are not the equal of their Yankee cousins in all the ordinary walks of life.

The fact that they have taken so prominent a place in the United States in positions of trust is proof of that.

It is the one-sidedness of the arrangement that has caused the law to be set in operation; and, as we have said, if American employees generally followed the example of Canadians in the United States and changed their allegiance when they came over here to live the cause of grievance would be removed.

The employment of Americans on Canadian railways to the exclusion of Canadians was called attention to by Hon. W. J. Macdonald in the Senate not long ago, and in reply the acting leader, Sir Richard Cartwright, gave particulars of the proceedings that were taken and the deportations occurring as a consequence. Some discussion followed; but it was evident that the Government is fully alive to the situation and Senator Macdonald expressed his satisfaction on account of the information forthcoming.

It is well that the law should be vigorously, though justly, enforced. It will impress the Government of the United States in a way that nothing else will of the undesirability of some of their laws dealing with subjects of other nations. When a similar law is put in operation against Americans, it appears to them in an entirely different light. We do not believe in recriminations as between two friendly peoples. Nothing is gained by a policy of irritation and unnecessary restrictions, but when the people of that country come to realize that there is no divine right by which they are privileged to pass laws against foreigners that foreigners may not put in force against Americans, they will probably be willing to come to an understanding with Canada and agree to abolish enactments that are really no credit to either country. In a general way we agree with the position taken by the Montreal Gazette, which says:

"What is to be considered is that there is on the statute book a law which in operation has never been known to do any good, which has caused some mischief and which, whenever it is enforced, is likely to cause more."

The Canadian alien immigration law is a humbug. It was designed as a concession to a class of men represented by those Toronto mouth operators who are continuously doing what they can to nullify the efforts of the Government immigration service in Great Britain. It does not keep out alien immigrants even under contract. A Canadian employer need workers could go to Great Britain, Italy, Hungary or Japan, and arrange with thousands of laborers to come to Canada and work. It is not applied in the case of the United States, which is in fact the only country against which it can be applied. There is a constant movement of workmen, skilled and unskilled, between Canada and the United States. The good sense of the two peoples interested is more powerful than the laws made by politicians whose lack of good sense is proverbial. Each country benefits from the interchange, because each gets what it wants."

The qualification we should add to the foregoing is that the concessions should be mutual. It is well to be broad-minded in international matters; but we have never known the United States to follow a good example in that respect when it did not serve its own interests or to refrain from doing something simply because another nation refrained from the same thing. For that very reason a little more than high-minded example is necessary; and, therefore, we do not agree with the Gazette when it argues that Canada is not justified in passing an alien law against the United States because the United States passed one against Canada. It may be argued that the United States did not lower its tariff because Canada raised it; but the effect of a national policy has been to place Canada so far independent of the United States and to create a decided change of feeling in that country in favor of reciprocity, which would never have taken place if we had continued to allow Canada to remain a slaughter market for its politicians.

THE ALIEN LABOR QUESTION.

From information received at this office, it is learned that the recent rains, which have been very general throughout the Province, have been of great benefit to the fruit and other crops in the interior. The effect of the spring frosts will thus be in a measure overcome, as latent bloom has been brought on, and grain and vegetable crops greatly assisted. The peaches in Southern Okanagan, owing probably to the fact that on account of the early bloom, the fruit was well set, were not injured and will yield largely. Locally there has been, perhaps, more rain than was necessary, and the cool weather has retarded the ripening of small fruits. On Vancouver Island, and we presume generally, there will be a shortage of labor. The farmers who depend upon Chinamen are finding this class of help unusually scarce. Small fruits, on account of the frost affecting the first bloom, will come into the market practically simultaneously, and the lack of Chinamen, the outcome of the increased restriction, will be a serious inconvenience. At this season of the year, and especially this year, there is a large demand for Chinese at the canneries. One farmer, who is feeling the pinch, expressed himself to the effect that the exclusion of the "heathen" is not an unmixed blessing. The crop outlook generally is much better than it was a month ago. The dry belt has been greatly benefited by the rains, particularly Cariboo and Lillooet, where conditions were most unpromising.

THE OLD AND THE NEW.

History is repeating itself in a remarkable way at Ottawa. The Liberals, in opposition, opposed protection, in power they adopted and extended it; in opposition they condemned the subsidizing of railways, in power they have carried the principle farther than ever was done before; in opposition they fought for provincial rights, in power they have repudiated the principle; in opposition they declared against extravagance and the increase of expenditure, in power they have doubled the cost of running the country; in opposition they cried out against the letting of contracts without tendering, in power they have not hesitated to violate the principle; in opposition they condemned corruption, nepotism and the giving of office to members of Parliament, in power they have outrivaled all predecessors in these respects; in opposition they advocated the reform of the Senate, in power they have not only permitted it to remain as it was, but have threatened to increase the members. In everything respecting which they announced a policy or denounced an abuse, except in one particular, they have in office done quite the opposite. The one particular in question is the system of the preparation of the voters' list. When they came into office they repealed the Dominion Franchise Act passed by Sir John Macdonald, and adopted the provincial voters' lists as a basis of the Dominion franchise. This most Conservatives admitted to be a proper thing to do, and it was not seriously opposed by them. In fact, the passing of the old law, upon which the Liberals made such a decided stand, was regarded by his party generally as one of the few serious political mistakes of the great Conservative chieftain. The law was cumbersome and the preparation of the lists under it expensive and unsatisfactory. The reason why Sir John was so insistent upon carrying his point was that most of the provincial governments were Liberal and he was not satisfied with the unfair way in which they were made up. We have an illustration of the methods adopted in Nova Scotia today.

Now, however, a change is coming over the complexion of some of the provincial administrations. Three of them are Liberal-Conservative—Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia. As soon as the new provinces are organized they are almost sure to be Conservative as well, when everything west of the Ottawa river will be under a provincial control not in harmony with Liberal rule at Ottawa.

"We find now," says the Montreal Star, "that Hon. Thomas Greenway wants the Dominion Government to take the making of the federal lists in Manitoba out of provincial hands, and Mr. Fielding intimates that it may possibly be done; and the Conservative opposition threatens, if this is attempted, to give the Government and the country a fine imitation of the good old Liberal 'Fight for Freedom' when Blake and Laurier and Cartwright and MHS and Charlton led the van."

Thus, now, the Liberals have com-

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TELEPHONE 56. VICTORIA.

HOLLAND'S CURE FOR LAZINESS.

Philadelphia Record.

The Hollander is not fond of lazy persons, and they have a good way of curing persons who can but won't work. If a pauper who is able to work refuses to do so, they put him in a tub in which a pump is attached and turn on a quantity of water. The stream flows into the cistern just slowly enough to enable the lazy person, by lively jumping, to keep the water from getting up over his head.

HOW DRUNKARDS ARE TREATED.

Presbyterian.

Persian drunkards are blacklisted, and so blacklisted means that the person so enrolled may not visit the bazaars to buy sweets except at certain hours, and then only under police supervision. He cannot visit any place of public amusement, and even when at prayers in the mosque he must hold himself aloof from his most respectable neighbors. If, after being blacklisted, he drinks again and is found under the influence, he gets eighty lashes on the soles of his feet.

ENGLISH POLITICAL TERMS.

Boston Herald.

The terminology of English politics is as puzzling to us as ours is to Englishmen. "Half Shooting" is the latest addition to British nomenclature. What can it mean? It signifies those who are proposing a common platform large enough for the supporters of both Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain, and yet small enough to cover only a sheet of note paper. The "Half Shooters" hope not only to absorb the Free Traders, but the Whole Hoggers and Little Piggies.

CHINESE DOCTORS IN THE U. S.

Chamber's Journal.

The Chinese physicians are very successful in the United States, and their patients are by no means only the Chinese. The Chinese doctors are divided into two classes, although the American law does not recognize either class legitimate physicians. One class treats persons of their own race almost entirely and does not employ medicine so much as it does amulets, or so-called magic, to drive away evil spirits supposed to create disease. Some of these quacks are to be found in nearly all the Western cities, but the higher grade Chinese do not patronize them. The other class of Chinese doctors assert that they give treatment which their ancestors employed centuries before Christ, and the gift of healing has been handed down to them by degree. The majority are descendants of physicians who lived either in the United States or China, and in their offices can be seen ancient books in the native tongue, as well as gorgeously decorated diplomas which they cherish as heirlooms.

In the treatment of sick persons they depend much upon the examination of the pulse. The sense of touch is so wonderfully developed that it is claimed they can determine the condition of the heart as well as some of the other organs merely by the feebleness or strength of the beats, but they say there are no fewer than twelve different movements of the arteries in the human body, all of which can be detected by feeling the fingers, wrist and arm.

GROWTH OF THE CHURCHES.

New York World.

Despite the clatter about outworn creeds and the anxious look on the faces of amateur diagnosticians as they step into the church and feel its pulse, the statistics still on the score of the churchmen show it vital, not moribund. The figures for practically every denomination show a percentage of growth during 1904 larger than the increase in population. There is not such a drift away from traditional theology as many would have the world believe. The average person is not as determined to break away from the faith of his fathers as is currently represented. The truth is the pulpit always has taken far more interest in theological puzzles than the pews, and there can be a mighty churning of the doctrinal waters without the church rank and file becoming disturbed.

GROWING EXPENDITURE.

Toronto Sun (Ind.)

1888	.....	\$23,661,000
1899	.....	40,947,000
1905	.....	41,162,000
1900	.....	50,443,000
1904	.....	63,493,000
1905 (estimated)	.....	\$81,000,000

The foregoing table shows the total expenditures of the Dominion of Canada on both current and capital account for the years 1888, 1899, 1905, 1900 and 1904, and the estimated expenditure for the current year.

True, the population of the country has made considerable increase during the period covered by the table, named, but population has not nearly kept up with expenditure. In 1880 the expenditure on current account alone was placed by the Canadian Yearbook at \$5.50 per head; in 1890 at \$7.52; in 1895 at \$7.58; in 1900 at \$8.07, and in 1904 at \$9.35. If the total expenditure appears to have during the present session been about \$100,000,000 on current and capital expenditure combined will amount to over \$13.50 per head for each man, woman and child in Confederation.

This is a serious drain upon the resources of the country, in view of the pressure of population. It will be almost an unbearable burden when hard times come again. The demand that the brakes be put on is imperative.

THE SAME BRYCE.

Hamilton Herald.

Prof. Bryce, of Manitoba, University, a Presbyterian clergymen, in an interview with a representative of the Toronto Globe, makes a remarkable view of the Western school question. The professor heartily approves of the school system which the federal government has presented to the new provinces. He is the same Bryce who fought for the educational rights of Manitoba against the interference of the federal government. He attempts to explain away his inconsistency by pleading that the system of federal government which imposed force upon Manitoba was not approved by the people of that province, but that the system which the federal government is now prescribing for the new Western provinces is acceptable to the people out west, and that the battle in the Manitoba case was fought for the principle of provincial rights—the right of the provinces to make their own educational laws. This professor takes the view that the principle of provincial rights is to be regarded merely as an expedient weapon to make it easier for the provinces to assert their rights, and that you can't get by any other means. Evidently he is a pretty good "practical politician"—but what a man to teach the ethics of politics to young Canadians!

THE MEXICAN SERVICE OFF.

The Columbian.

The Columbian, the organ for which British Columbia was called upon to vote for the Laurier government, was the establishment of direct steamship connection with Mexico via the Pacific. This was an accomplished fact, before the election of the cold winter. The appropriation was made, and a contract was advertised, for the use of the columns of the "People's press," to use the Globe's expression.

Now, however, having surveyed the services in their places at Ottawa, the government have come to the conclusion that they need too much for their own purposes, and this amongst other campaign appropriations is not to be spent. There has been no public announcement, but the Postmaster General has ordered the scheme in the general interest of the office. At a stroke of the pen, he has closed the Pacific Coast line to service on the Atlantic; and the shipping men whose preparations were well advanced for putting on the line to Vancouver have withdrawn in disgust.

This has been done to the Canadian public in a roundabout way, through Mr. C. E. Harvey, a shipping man of Glasgow, who passed through Toronto the other day on his return from Mexico. Mr. Harvey says that when he arrived there to make arrangements for connecting with the service, he was told that the Canadian government, through Sir William Mulock, had notified the government of Mexico that it had decided to transfer the subsidy to the Atlantic service, and that upon terms to which he was not then advised.

Mr. Harvey failed to learn in Ottawa what the government there had authorized the Postmaster General to make any such alteration in the original scheme. However, the result is the complete disengagement of the Canadian public from the Atlantic service.

If we had men instead of mummies representing the Pacific Coast at Ottawa, no government would dare hang out an inducement of this kind as it had done to the desired purpose.

Thus, now, the Liberals have com-

Suchard

Soluble Cocoa

THE NEW ARTICLE

And the Finest Beverage of All

Quarter-pound tin at 25c. makes 24 cups of

Delicious Cocoa

For Sale by

Hallam & Wyndam, Ltd.,

25 GOVERNMENT ST.

Call at the Mikado Tea Rooms, 44 Fort

street, and sample a cup.

Marine Gasoline Motors

Guaranteed reliable, with all latest im-

provements for 1905. Get prices and re-

ferences at

Marine Iron Works,

Pembroke Street, Victoria.

ANDREW GRAY, Prop.

Tel. Res. 100. Tel. Works 681

Room 2 Moody Block. Upstairs.

Boston Herald.

The annual meeting of the Liberal-

Conservative Association of the city of

Victoria will be held on the evening of

Friday, June 16, when the election of

officers will take place. Mr. Martin

Burrell, of Grand Forks, a very able and

fluent speaker, will be present and de-

liver an address. The evening will take



You Need a Good Brush

no matter for what purpose—the hair, the teeth, the flesh—for a poor one is worse than useless. It doesn't accomplish good results and is a constant source of misery and dissatisfaction. Brushes that brush the right way are solid back, durable, pretty of pattern and right as to price—are to be seen in great variety at the reliable drug store of

Cyrus H. Bowes
CHEMIST.

98 Government Street, near Yates Street

Mrs. Campbell, Chiropractor, 161 Fort

street, Victoria, B. C. Phone 1112.

Grass Catchers at Cheapside.

Fifty dozen Latest Style Caps in Motor and Golf shapes, just in. B. Williams & Co.

McClary's Famous stoves and kitchen wares at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

TO LET FURNISHED

New Modern Bungalow; Choice Part of City.

Two-storey Modern Dwelling; fine view of Straits and Mountains.

Money to Loan.

Fire Insurance Written.

P. R. BROWN,
LIMITED

Phone 1076. 80 Broad St.

Cheap Rates.—On June 14th, 15th and 16th the Northern Pacific Railway Co. will sell round trip tickets to Milwaukee, Wisc., at a greatly reduced rate. Cheap excursion tickets now on sale to the Lewis and Clark Fair, Portland.

Boys' Negligee and Flannellette Outfit and Tennis Shirts, best English make, 50c each. B. Williams & Co.

Try Dean & Elcock's Marvelous Rheumatic Liniment.

All kinds of upholstery and mattress repairing. Prices right. Smith & Chapman.

Poult's Wire in alt sizes at Cheapside, 127 Government street.

The book of the day now, in paper covers, "The Masquerader," also in our Stationery Co.

Tennis and Boating Trousers at \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.50. B. Williams & Co.

Boys' Ribbed "Hercules" School Hose 25c pair; fast dye, guaranteed. B. Williams & Co.

Boys' Regatta and Outing Shirts 60c each. B. Williams & Co.

"Lovely Hats" in soft and stiff shapes; left from last season, reduced to half price. B. Williams & Co.

RUPTURE

Heard's Rupture Appliances for Men, Women and Children are absolutely guaranteed and strongly endorsed by Physicians everywhere.

W. A. TURNER

Office 76 Yates St., Victoria.

TO PURIFY THE BLOOD TAKE

TEAGUE'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

IT CAN DO THE WORK!

Guaranteed Pure and of Best Quality.

B. C. Drug Store

Tel. 356. 27 Johnson Street.

J. TEAGUE, PROPRIETOR.

Show Cases

We manufacture Up-to-date Show Cases,

Bank, Store, Hotel and Office Fixtures,

Wall Cases, Counters, Shelves, Mantels,

Desks, Art-Galls and Mirrors.

ORDER FURNITURE A SPECIALTY.

DICKSON & HOWES

Phone 1105. 131-133 Johnson St.

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COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

IT CAN DO THE WORK!

Guaranteed Pure and of Best Quality.

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J. TEAGUE, PROPRIETOR.

SEEING IS BELIEVING

We would like you to compare our Hostery Values with the goods you have been buying for equal money.

Men's All-Wool Black Cashmere Socks: regular 35c. value .25c.

Men's All-Wool Black Cashmere Socks: regular 50c. value .30c.

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Men's All-Wool Black Cashmere Socks: regular

PURE FRESH CREAM

Free from adulteration and preservatives, every day.

MOWAT'S GROCERY, 77 Yates St.

Real Estate

FOR SALE

J. Stuart Yates

22 BASTION STREET.

FIND BUILDING LOTS, fronting new City Park, on Gorge Road.

GOOD ACREAGE property along Burns road, and also above Gorge bridge; excellent for fruit growing.

VALUABLE CITY LOTS on Yates street and Wharf street, yielding good return as an investment.

TWENTY-THREE ACRES in Esquimalt district, fronting on Royal Roads.

SEVENTY-NINE ACRES fronting on Sooke Harbor.

EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS in Esquimalt town.

Grant & Conyers

No. 2 View St. Opposite Main Entrance Driard Hotel.

FOR SALE—Beautifully situated modern cottage; six rooms; bath; sewer; pantries; electric light, etc. Only \$2,200.

FOR SALE—Handsome residence and four lots on car line, in the East End. This is really a bargain, and we are offering it at a bargain. Particulars on application at our office.

FOR SALE—Large modern cottage; eight rooms; good situation, and close to car line; to be sacrificed at \$2,200.

FOR SALE—Modern cottage; six rooms and two lots; bath; electric light; hot and cold water; stable; chicken house; near car line. \$2,500.

FOR SALE—James Bay; four roomed cottage and full lot. \$550.

FOR SALE—Beautiful, new residence on 14th and Hill Park, near car line, and has all modern conveniences. Call and get particulars. We are offering this at a tempting price.

GOOD BUILDING SITES in James Bay.

GOOD BUILDING SITES in East End.

GOOD BUILDING SITES near the Park.

A. W. Bridgeman

Phone No. 84.

41 Government St. Established 1853

SIX EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS on Yates and Johnson, above Cook; assessed \$4,450; to be sacrificed at \$2,500.

PROSPECT LAKE—64 acres; extensive water front; cottage; stable; boathouse; large side bottom—\$30.00 per acre; very easy terms.

HEAD OF ATM—9 acres; extensive water front; some clearing; good well. \$750 cash.

VIEW STREET, above Vancouver; full sized lot, deep loan; to close an estate; no reasonable offer refused.

SWAN LAKE—6 acres, all fenced, part cultivated; black loam; living stream—\$1,000.

GLANFORD AVENUE—Ten acres in cultivation—\$1,000.

KINGSTON ST.—Seven roomed house; large lot; modern conveniences; stable—\$2,200.

VICTORIA WEST—Six roomed house; cost \$800, for \$450 cash.

SUPERIOR STREET—Pretty, modern bungalow, with large lot—\$4,200.

ROYAL OAK—241 acres, 15 in cultivation, 44 in bearing orchard; comfortable house; outbuildings; living stream; beautiful situation. Price on application.

TORT SIMPSON—Lots in first addition to Hudson's Bay Co.'s townsite—\$150 inside; \$175 corners.

GOVERNMENT STREET—Suite of offices; excellent position for dentist or lawyer.

FOR RENT—Thirty houses in various parts of city—

MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

FOR SALE—Old established milk business.

MONEY TO LOAN, MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. Finlayson

76 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINEST FARMS ON ISLAND.

FOR SALE—A beautifully situated two storey, modern 10 roomed residence, with basement, 5 bedrooms, dressing room, bath room, etc.; drawing, dining, sitting, breakfast, kitchen, etc.; electric light, water, etc., and all in excellent condition. The grounds, consisting of 2 acres laid out in lawns and ornamental shrubs, fruit trees; nice stable, fowl houses, and all necessary outbuildings; also 2½ acres adjoining, with water front. Will sell together or separately, at a very low figure. Call and negotiate at a very low figure. Call and negotiate.

Pemberton & Son

35 FORT STREET.

HOUSES TO RENT.

LANGLEY ST.—rooms for \$15 per month.

SCHOOL ST.—A quite new 10 room house, with furnace and all modern conveniences. \$30 per month.

FORT ST.—A 7 room house, all conveniences. \$30 per month.

SCORESBY ST.—A neat 6 room cottage, with all conveniences. \$20 per month.

SECOND ST.—A 6 room house, in good condition, and connected with sewer. \$20.

ANGELA COLLEGE—A large brick house, standing in over an acre of land.

CARRIBERRY GARDENS—A desirable 30 room house.

CARRIBERRY BAY ROAD—Close to St. Charles street, a good 9 room house.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAH-

CO., Ltd.

39 Broad Street

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A splendid medi-

cal room house, close in.

ST. LAWRENCE ST.—Several good build-

ing lots, at low prices, \$250 each, on

time if required.

MENZIES ST.—7 room house, modern—

only \$2,000.

FIRST ST.—8 room cottage, everything modern—price \$2,200; \$200 cash, balance on mortgage.

CARRIBERRY BAY RD.—7 room house and 2 lots—\$2,500.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

Beaumont Boggs,

Real Estate & Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St.

FOR SALE—80 acres Somesne, 20 acres cultivated, 45 cleared; house, barns, stock, implements. Price \$4,200.

FOR SALE—100 acres on Cowichan river; house and other implements. Price \$1,500.

FOR SALE—5 acre blocks of fruit land in "Strawberry Vale," "Cedarvale" and "Cudmore Bay Park" subdivisions. Prices from \$25 to \$130 per acre.

FOR SALE—House, 7 rooms, near Government buildings. Price \$2,200.

New issue of "Home and Farm" has just out. Send for free copy.

CABINET MAKERS

DICKSON & HOWES, Co., b-

lant Makers and Joiners

131 Johnson street.

1165

MESSINGER

MESSINGER OFFICE

22 Trounce Avenue.

Prompt Delivery.

PLUMBERS.

A. SHEET

PLUMBING AND HEATING

102 FORT STREET.

629

JOHN COLBERT, Plumbing,

Heating and Sheet Metal

Works. 4 Broad Street.

552

FOR SALE—140 acres, partly improved; \$1,500.

FOR SALE—60 acres, small orchard; \$1,250.

FOR SALE—5½ acres good land, all cleared and fenced (close in); \$850.

CARPET CLEANING

Carpet Cleaning, Sewing

and Laying. J. F. SHARP,

82 Douglas street, Reid's Tea

Store, Clarence Block. Prices

Reasonable.

1076

J. H. Whittome

Real Estate, Insurance and Financial

Agent, DUNCANS, V. I.

190 ACRES—All good land, close to good market; 15 acres cleared and cultivated, 60 acres on water front (1 mile of sea front), 22 acres cultivated, 15 cleared for pasture, balance wooded; also 7 roomed cottage; first class stable. Full particulars at office.

STANLEY AVE.—Lots 58x105, only \$100.

\$75—Gorge Road, Lot 50x152, Gorge and Garibaldi roads; front and back entrance.

\$300—Victoria West. Full sized lot (corner); new picket fence.

GOVERNMENT ST.—Lots near the Fountain, from \$450 to \$700. Easy terms.

ROOMS TO LET—Unfurnished rooms in Five Sisters' Block (heated), \$5 per h. upwards.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—\$5,500 will buy a lot 65x94, very central and just off Government street, with improvements.

TO RENT—Flat of 16 rooms; centrally located; moderate rent. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.

\$2,000—6 roomed house, with attic, modern in every respect; lot 50x133.

10 ACRES—6 room cottage, barn and outbuildings; 9 miles from city.

FOR SALE—Acreage, 320 acres, Highland district—\$2 per acre; will pay for itself in cordwood alone.

28 ACRES—4 miles from Victoria, 15 acres under cultivation, balance cleared and seeded; 5-roomed house, barn, etc.—\$4,000.

GORGE ROAD—Handsome residence on water front, with acreage. Apply for particulars.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

\$1,000—Six roomed house on car line, James Bay; sewer connections, etc.

\$1,350—Third street, 7 roomed house and lot 50x133, with sewer connections; front and back entrances.

\$1,650—Six roomed cottage, Cadboro Bay road; lot 72x120.

\$2,000—House and 2 lots, on Bay street (corner); very easy terms.

\$125—One acre in north end of city, all cleared and under cultivation.

LOTS in Fairfield Estate, \$100 each; \$10 cash, \$10 per month, interest 4 per cent. only.

ONTARIO ST.—Full sized lots, \$400 each; very easy terms.

\$250—Lots 50x153, on Garibaldi road, corner Gorge road; easy terms.

SIMCOE ST.—Lot 60x240; no rock; only \$300.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, half acre just outside city limits—only \$700.

PELL & GREGORY, Chancery Chambers, Langley Street, Victoria.

\$1,650—15 acres, under cultivation; new 5-roomed house, barns, etc., running stream; 12 miles from Victoria, on a good road.

SAANICH DISTRICT—20 acres, all under cultivation; small house, barn and outbuildings; running spring of water—\$2,700.

WAR SCRIP—South African war scrip for sale.

HOTEL—Over 40 rooms, bar, etc., furnished as a going concern—\$1,500.

OAK BAY DISTRICT—\$1,250—5 roomed cottage, bath, room, pantry, hot and cold water, electric light, hot and cold.

HARRISON ST.—\$1,850—6 roomed cottage, bath, hot and cold water, etc.

JAMES BAY—\$1,500—5 roomed 1½ story dwelling, all modern conveniences, good street; handy to car.

LEONARD H. SULLY, Land Commissioner.

NORTH END—\$1,800—5 roomed cottage, brick and stone foundation, bath, pantries, electric light, hot and cold water.

FARMERS FOR SALE—Ask for printed list.

TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished, a number of desirable residences. Apply P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

FIRE INSURANCE—Phoenix of London, MONEY TO LOAN TO LOAN.

FOR SALE—Quiet cow—44 Quebec street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

Section 29, Law District.

SOCIETY—Six roomed house, and fronting on Cordova, 1½ acres, and being adequately adapted for summer camping. The Easterly part of the Section is covered with good timber. Three sides of the Section are fenced; and there is a living stream of water flowing through it.

Offers for the above property will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th of June.

Dated this 23rd day of March, 1905.

(Sd) J. R. ROTHWELL.

AND REGISTRY ACT.—In the matter of an application for a duplicate of Certificate of Title to Lot 4, Block 2, Christ Church Ward Estate (Map 278), Victoria, B. C. Notice is given pursuant to the Act that the title to the said land will be registered on the 21st day of June, 1905, to the undersigned, for the sum of \$1,000, for the payment of my fee, and the expenses of recording the title, and for the payment of my expenses of advertising the same.

NOTICE is given pursuant to the Act that the title to the said land will be registered on the 21st day of June, 1905, to the undersigned, for the sum of \$1,000, for the payment of my fee, and the expenses of recording the title, and for the payment of my expenses of advertising the same.

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Can Be Purchased Cheap

The Making of a Handsome City Residence

The Brick and Stone Dwelling House known as Angela College, Burdette Avenue, with nearly 3 lots of land, can be purchased at a very reasonable figure, and by a comparatively small expenditure can be made into a handsome city residence.

PEMBERTON & SON
45 FORT STREET

BOILERS—Locomotive, Tubular, Canada Water Tube.
PUMPS—Steam, Electric, Mining. Power for every purpose.
AIR COMPRESSORS—The Davenport is the Best
Steam, Electric or Belt Drive for any duty.

Structural and Ornamental Iron Work.

ELECTRIC MOTORS and Generators of all types for
Power and Light. Complete Plants.
The Canada Foundry Co., Ltd., and
The Canadian General Electric Co., Ltd.

Vancouver Office, 527-529 Granville St.
Branch Offices, Winnipeg, Calgary,
Rossland, Vancouver, Victoria.
Vancouver Island Selling Agents,
STEPHENS & HAWKINS,
Port St., Victoria, B. C.

NORTH SAANICH

FOR SALE—The well known farm of "Coorehen," at North Saanich, about 20 miles from Victoria, the property of Mrs. Le Poer-Trench, consisting of 325 acres (more or less) of which about 100 are under cultivation. The house and property is unique in its attractive grounds and charming natural surroundings, commanding an exceptionally fine panoramic view, with the Cowichan hills in the background. It has a frontage of nearly a mile on the salt water; there is an excellent orchard, and the barns and outbuildings are in good order. For further particulars apply to

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Special Inducements

In Electric Fixtures for a Short Time to
Reduce our Stock. Buy now and save Money

Hinton Electric Co.

CHICK STARTER

Is the first food for young chicks up to five weeks old. This food is carefully selected, cleaned stock, cracked grain, Kafir bone, millet, grit, etc; free from dust and dirt, and strictly high grade. A money saver, for you save loss from this case.

10-lb CARTON 50c
50-lb. SAX 2.00

SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 YATES ST. Tel. 413

The Remittance
Which Never Came

Evidence Taken Against J. Helder
Accused of Obtaining
Goods by Fraud.

W. B. Shakespeare Tells How Ac-
cused Secured Jewelry
From Him.

John Helder was brought before Police Magistrate Hall in the Police court yesterday, charged with obtaining jewelry from W. B. Shakespeare by false pretences. W. B. Shakespeare occupied the witness stand all day. He said that his relations with Helder began on December 14, when Mr. Budden, formerly clerk at the Dallas hotel, where Helder lived, came to witness and told him that an English gentleman had become acquainted with a certain nurse while at the Jubilee hospital suffering from illness, and wanted to make a present to her, but although he expected \$1,000 in February and his annual \$400 later, as well as \$15,000 from his estate in London, he had no funds then. The upshot of the interview was that Mr. Shakespeare was asked if he would give Helder credit to the amount of \$100. Witness told Budden to bring Helder into the store and he would talk the matter over. When Helder came, the accused said:

"Well, Mr. Shakespeare, Mr. Budden has just told you I want to make a purchase of some goods to give to a friend. I'm staying at the Dallas hotel and Mr. Budden knows me well. I'm expecting a check for \$1,000 in February, but to make it sure, we had better say by the 15th of March, and I'm receiving £400, which is the amount of my annuity, in June."

Witness said he did not question accused, as he had met with many of his

kind while in Victoria. He told Helder he could certainly have the credit sought and Helder then picked out the goods he required.

Mr. Shakespeare said he would have given Helder the goods if Budden had not come, having believed his story. Helder, witness said, had further told him that he knew where the jewelry was going and that would be his strongest security. That was Helder's first visit and purchase, and from that time he purchased other articles and secured a few small loans, the whole to be settled in the neighborhood of \$550.

When time passed and Mr. Shakespeare had learned of the big bills unpaid at the Dallas hotel and elsewhere in the city, and still the expected remittances did not materialize, Mr. Shakespeare suggested that a cable be sent to London to see whether there was money to come. Accused objected to this, saying that his annuity came from a sister who would certainly give him money if he asked for it. He said that the annuity was dependent upon the generosity of a sister who insisted on his good behavior as a condition of sending the money. He had previously not mentioned the sister, stating that the money he expected came from his mother's estate.

Many interviews had taken place with Helder, but nothing more tangible than promises was secured by the creditors, and then Helder went to Vancouver, where he expected, he said, to secure money to pay witness. His arrest when boarding a train at New Westminster followed soon afterward.

The case was remanded until Thursday at 11 a.m. when James Patterson of the Vernon hotel, to whom an account of over \$800 for board and small loans, etc., is owing, will give evidence. Helder is being defended by Mr. H. Robertson, while Mr. Belyea appears for Mr. Shakespeare and Mr. Walls for other creditors.

Press People Coming—Thea. M. Knappen, secretary of the Western Canadian Immigration Association, has written saying that the Washington correspondents who will this summer tour Canada will arrive at 10:15 a.m. on July 7, leaving at 1 p.m. for Victoria. The correspondents will return to Vancouver on July 8 and will leave for the east on that day by the Imperial Line.

NING CHOW COMING.

Will Be Next of the Holt White-
funneled Liners Seen at Victoria.

The next steamer of the White Funnel line expected to reach this port is the Ning Chow, about one-half sail from Yokohama. The Ning Chow is scheduled to reach this port about June 20. She is bringing several hundred tons of freight for Victoria to be landed at the ocean dock.

Following the Ning Chow at intervals of about a month, the Holt will arrive from Liverpool the Holt Liners Yangtsze, Keemun, Matchaon and Jason in the order named. The last mentioned steamship has never been on this coast before. She is a splendidly built steamer and is a sister ship to the Tydeus, Peleus and Telemachus, all well known here. The Jason has been running between English ports and China and Japan.

Several new steamers of larger size and much greater carrying capacity than any at present numbered in the Holt fleet, are being built by the firm, and it is expected that within the next year they will be placed on the longest steamship route in the world—that between Liverpool and Victoria and Puget Sound.

MARINE NOTES.

The United States fishery steamer Albatross is at Seattle preparing to sail north for Yes bay, near Ketchikan, where her crew will superintend the establishment of a hatchery.

Steamer Leelanau, Capt. Meyer, arrived at Juneau on Sunday with coal for the Treadwell mines.

Steamer Victoria and Senator sailed from Seattle on Monday for Cape Nome, each crowded with passengers.

The big log raft of eight million feet of lumber being towed from the Columbia river to San Francisco was sighted ten miles north of Cape Mendocino on Monday.

Steamer Queen is due from San Francisco. The steamer Unatilla will call tonight for the port of the Golden Gate.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

Use telephone to Nanaimo.

Use telephone to Seattle.

With Royal Baking Powder there is no mixing with the hands, no sweat of the brow. Perfect cleanliness, greatest facility, sweet, clean, healthful food.

Full instructions in the "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook" book for making all kinds of bread, biscuit and cake with Royal Baking Powder. Gratis to any address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Use telephone to Seattle.

Along the
Waterfront

Princess Beatrice Sails for North-
ern B. C. Ports—Aorangi
Is Due.

New Contract for Long Distance
Towing Secured by Victoria
Company.

Steamer Princess Beatrice, Captain Hughes, sailed last night for Naas and way ports of northern British Columbia. The steamer took a good cargo, consisting mostly of cannery stores. The steamer Amur has been laid up for the winter. Sir James Ogden, Captain Townsend, will sail for Qualchino and way ports on the west coast of Vancouver Island tonight. Her purser, Mr. Guy Langton, has resigned his post on the vessel and Mr. E. Wallace, who has been serving as purser on the Fraser river steamer Beaver, has been appointed to fill the position. Yesterday at noon Mr. Langton was presented with an ebony gold-headed cane, suitably inscribed, by his late shipmates and residents of the Island coast. When the presentation was made yesterday the following address accompanied it:

"The undersigned gentlemen deeply regret your severing connection with the C. P. R. Co., and more especially with the west coast and Queen City. We wish you every success in whatever line of life you intend to follow. We wish you to accept this present (the cane) as a token of our respect and esteem."

Signed by James Petticrew, S. Roberts, R. M. Higham, of the Queen City, and Rev. Father Marcus H. Johnson, T. Winger, W. T. Dawley, Rev. W. J. Stone, Judge Grant, A. E. Waterhouse, and J. S. Rollin of the west coast."

AORANGI IS DUE.

Canadian-Australian Liner Is Bringing
Large Complement of Passengers.

Steamer Aorangi, of the Canadian-Australian line, is due today from the Antipodes via the usual ports of call—Brisbane, Suva and Honolulu. The Canadian-Australian liner is bringing between 323 and 350 passengers all told, and about 1,500 tons of general cargo from Australia. Many of the passengers coming by the Aorangi are those who failed to secure berths on the steamer Manuka, which brought all the passengers she could accommodate on her last voyage. The Miowara, now about to sail from Australia, has a large number of passengers booked.

HAS MORE BUSINESS.

New Contract Secured by Pacific Tow-
ing Company of This City.

A new contract has been secured by the Pacific Towing Company, of this city, of which Mr. R. W. Dunsmuir is president. This company has been for some years towing coal from the Island collieries to Treadwell and bringing concentrated from the mine on Douglas Island to Tacoma. Now a new contract has been secured, and the tug Pilot, with Mr. R. W. Dunsmuir on board, has left for Prince of Wales Island with the barge Richard II, in tow to commence the new service. The Pilot is to tow the barges Richard III and J. C. Potter, on alternate trips, to Prince of Wales Island with coke from Union and bring ore south from Niblack anchorage to Tacoma. The Pilot is expected to reach Victoria on route to Tacoma with the large John C. Potter in tow, laden with concentrates from Niblack anchorage, about June 14.

COTTAGE CITY SAILS.

Left Yesterday for Alaska With Speaker
Cannon and U. S. Congressmen.

Steamer Cottage City, of the P. C. S. Co., sailed from the ocean dock at 6 a.m. yesterday for Alaskan ports with the party of United States congressmen, whose names were given in yesterday's issue. The steamer is due at Victoria on her return trip about twelve days hence, when it is expected the congressional party will make a visit to Victoria, having accepted the invitation issued by Hon. Premier McBrine on behalf of the Lieut.-Governor and members of the legislature.

Advices to date from Dawson say that he was the recipient of the Yukon plum was through the Victoria Colonist a month ago, that it was a "strange" plum. It is known by the colonists that Mr. McInnes proceeded at once to Ottawa. The Dawson News secured that "tip." The next piece of authentic information was through Dr. Thompson. After an interview with Sir Wilfrid Laurier on matters, Dr. Thompson told the News that Mr. McInnes of Ottawa that McInnes was to be the man. The News published that item also. Yesterday the Canadian Associated Press published the fact of the official appointment in the usual newspaper in Canada, the Dawson Daily, was among the others. Yet so self-deceived were the remnants of the Congdon ring in Dawson it was not until last night at 11 o'clock that all hopes of Congdon's reappointment were abandoned. Against reason and against common sense, McInnes had his "tip" word regarding McInnes was disputed, and held and discredited. As late as Sunday morning the unreliable organ of the ringer dozen on the authority of an alleged foreign correspondent, published as the words of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. "The matter of the Yukon commissionership has not been considered."

"In the light of the formal appointment, the Dawson paper was asked to state, whatever was the source, that Congdon ring last evening appealed to Ottawa to deny the hateful report of the dashing of the Congdon hopes. But alas! the reply was a confirmation. And now observe the trimming of the sail. The king does not look well. We have heard the last of Congdon, and the organ of the dozen is immediately filled from brim to brim with adulation of the new commissioner."

But the Dawson paper had not then heard of the appointment of Congdon as a drag to the new Governor.

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TOURIST ASSOCIATION.

Vancouver Joins With Victoria in Hav-
ing Representative at Portland.

The Vancouver and Victoria Tourist Associations will co-operate in the matter of stationing a representative at Portland, Ore., during the Lewis and Clark exposition, says the News-Advertiser. At a special meeting of the executive of the local association held yesterday afternoon, definite action was taken in the matter and it was decided to co-operate with the Victoria association and open a booth at the exposition. In this booth, which will occupy a place next to that of the C. P. R. which company is exhibiting a model of the steamship Princess Victoria, will be an exhibit of purely British Columbia products, etc. The local association will send down a collection of large views of Vancouver and the vicinity and other useful exhibits.

"Together with the exhibits of minerals, native woods, etc., which have been furnished by the provincial government, we hope to make a very creditable display for the province," said Mr. Flumerfelt, secretary of the local association, last evening. "We will place a competent man in charge of the booth, and later on an assistant may be sent down. By having a booth at the exposition, where British Columbia tourist literature can be procured, we hope to have hundreds of visitors come to Vancouver and Victoria during the summer."

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Use telephone to Vancouver.

Use telephone to Nanaimo.

Use telephone to Seattle.

At the banquet served in London
To the Honorable Joseph Choate,
Where were gathered very many
Men of fame, and men of note,
Mumm's Champagne was serv-
ed exclusive

By the British bench and bar,
To this one who was retiring,
This the States Ambassador.
Later at another banquet,
Held for Roosevelt in the East,
Mumm's Champagne was serv-
ed exclusive

At this great American feast.

Miles apart were these two
banquets,

Under different sovereigns' reign
On some topics they will differ,
They are one on Mumm's Cham-
pagne.

At these banquets of distinction

They can have what'er they
choose,

All may follow their example,

Buy the best; you'll never lose.

If you're going to have a party

Serve the best, whatever comes,

Pither & Leiser are the agents,

Come to them and order

"Mumms."

1905 SUITINGS
BELWARP SERGES
SPECIAL DESIGNS IN
SUITINGS

—AND—
TROUSERINGS
ENGLISH GOODS.

GREGG & SON

TAILORS.

62 Yates St.

Appointment
Is Unpopular

A Dawson Paper Tells of the
Struggling Hopes of Cong-
don Ring.

Push Counted on Governorship
for Their Defeated
Candidate.

INTERESTING
NOTES

Oil at Edmonton.

Borings Being Made by Company in
Which Victorian Is Interested.

Advices from Edmonton are to the effect that prospects for oil development are excellent. Amongst those interested in a company prominent in the oil enterprises in that district is J. St. Clair Blackett, a former Victorian, who is now a resident of Edmonton. A correspondent writing from that point under date of June 2 says:

"The very favorable prospect of big money from investment in Edmonton oil property is acting as a sharp spur to the organization of capital and the working of the prospecting ground. Mr. William McInnes is the president and manager of the first company that has been